ATRIUM WINE BROKERS

Passport to the World of Wine

Our Family of Wines

SANTA BARBARA & SANTA YNEZ

Crossbatch Wir

Crosshatch Winery

SANTA MARIA VALLEY

Coming Soon

MONTEREY

Trixon Wine Co.

PASO ROBLES

Cendré

Cloak & Dagger

Sea Shell Cellars

SANTA CRUZ MOUNTAINS

Maison Areion

SONOMA

Bannister

Brace and Bit

Coplan Vineyards

Idle Cellars

Jason Dumont

Noria

Orentano

Solamente

Sutro

SyRAWR

NAPA

AJ Pearce

Blue Monster

Gallegos

Gellis Family Domain

Hope & Grace Winery

Jason Dumont

Kerr Cellars

Longfellow

Loomis Estate Vineyards

Marita's Vineyard

Meteor Vineyard

Teachworth

New Winery - Coming Soon

LODI

Michael Klouda Wines Purple Corduroy



SOLANO COUNTY | THE DELTA

Pressley Vineyards

OREGON

Jac + James L'Angolo Estate Lines of Man Marshall Davis Trisaetum

WASHINGTON

Elephant Seven Two Vintners City Limits

ARGENTINA

Coming Soon

ITALY

Andrea Biasiotto - Veneto Cantina Colonnella - Abruzzo Negro Giuseppe - Piedmonte Paola Massa - Piedmonte San Biagio - Piedmonte La Nuela - Sardinia

FRANCE

Chateau Plaisance - Bordeaux Chateau Meynard - Bordeaux

MEXICO

La Competencia Imports

Portfolio Attached - 9 New Wineries - 38 Total

CHILE

St. Stephen Organic Vineyards

SPAIN

Monasterio (Grandes Vinos) Anayón (Grandes Vinos)

CANADA - OKANAGAN VALLEY

2023-Nov

AUSTRALIA

Xanadu | Yerring | Mount Langi Ghiran



Atrium Wine Brokers Inc.

Mexican Wine Portfolio

Imported By La Competencia Imports | www.lacompetenciaimports.com Saturday, July 1, 2023

Mexico is the oldest wine-producing country in the Americas dating back to the 1500s, but it wasn't until the 1970s when foreign investors began looking for new opportunities that the Mexican wine industry started to see growth. The Baja region was already well established, but the interior of Mexico provided high altitude (2100' to 6500') and hot days/cold nights that were perfect for vineyards.

In the early 16th century, the Spanish brought their religion, culture, and viticulture to the New World and established missions and vineyards from Puebla to Monterrey. While there were already native grapes in Mexico, Spanish grape varietals flourished. By the late 17th century, Mexico was producing vast quantities of wine and Spanish wine imports were down. Because of this, the King of Spain Charles II prohibited wine production in Mexico in 1699 except for religious purposes. This wine prohibition would last until the end of the Mexican War of Independence in 1821, but the people of Mexico had already shifted their interest and consumption to brandy, beer, tequila, and mezcal.

Today, Mexico's wine production can be divided into three main regions. The North encompasses the Baja Peninsula and Sonora. Laguna stretches across Northern Mexico from Chihuahua to Valle de Parras. Central Mexico includes the Altiplano and Bajio regions in the states of Querétaro, Guanajuato, Coahuila, Aguacalientes, Zacatecas, and San Luis Potosi.

Both states of Guanajuato and Querétaro are popular tourist destinations for their colonial architecture and historic centers. Each has developed its own Ruta de Vino to promote the wineries in their regions. Guanajuato's Ruta de Vino stretches from the western side of Dolores Hidalgo to the eastern side of San Miguel de Allende. Querétaro's Ruta de Arte, Queso y Vino lies between the third largest monolith in the world in Bernal and the sleepy little cheese and wine town of Tequisquiapan.

What's fascinating about the wineries in these two states is not that they produce familiar varietals, but that they are experimenting with lesser-known varietals and blends to compliment Mexican tastes and cuisine. The consumer market in Mexico is small and wine is still considered a luxury for the wealthy. Areas with a large middle class such as Querétaro, are warming to the idea of wine tasting on the weekends, and it is quickly becoming a favorite pastime for young adults and wise middle-agers. Winemakers began by making fruity wine to appeal to the newest generation of wine consumers but are changing their focus to drier wines that work better with a variety of cuisines. (Ref: Internnational Living - October 12th, 2020)

BAJA & CENTRAL MEXICO WINE REGIONS

Valle De Guadelupe

Adobe Guadalupe

Bodegas Henri Lurton

Bruma

Casa de Piedra

Casa Magoni

Chateau Camou

Hilo Negro

La Trinidad

Madera 5

Paralelo

Mariatinto

Roganto

Symmetria

Tresparauno

Vinas de la Erre

Vinisterra (Santos Tomas & VDG)

Vinsur

Francisco Zarco

Solar Fortun

Valle de la Grulla

Duoma

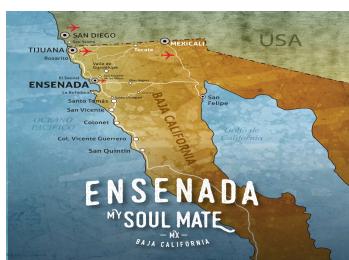
Palafox

Valle San Vincente

Casa Jipi

Vinicola OS

Llano Colorado





Guanajuato

Dos Buhos

Guaname

Tres Raices

Hidalgo

Vinedos El Refugio

San Luis Potosi

Cava Quintanilla Pozo De Luna

Aguascalientes Casa De Quesada

Queretaro

Casa Vegil

De Cote

El Bajio By Freixenet San Juanito

Vinaltura

Coahuila

Bodega Los Cedros

Parvada Tribos

Zacatecas Tierra Adentro